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SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 1

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon	(Ne	buchac	dnezzar)
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604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

Prologue 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

B SECTION TWO: ARAMAIC

C 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Statue

D 3. Faithful Servants: Shadrach, Meshach & Abednego

E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

G 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

Traditional and Conservative Authorship and Date

Author: Daniel

Date: 605-535 B.C.

Evidence:

- Internal Claims: 1st person/3rd person
- NT Testimony: Matt. 24:15; 26:64
- Tradition of Church & Synagogue: Ezekiel 14:14, 20, 28:3, Noah, & Job

Key Characters

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Daniel = "my judge is God" —> Belteshazzar = "Bel protect the king"
```

Hananiah = "gracious is Yah" —> Shadrach = "command of Aku/Murduk"

Mishael = "who is what God is?" —> Meshach = "who is what Aku/Murduk is?"

Azariah = "Yah has helped" —> Abed-Nego = "servant of Nebo"

Start of Daniel

end of 2 Kings, informed by Jeremiah, parallel with Ezekiel, Habakuk, Lamentations

End of Daniel

Haggai, Zechariah, Esther, Malachi, Ezra, Nehemiah

Daniel In the Christian Cannon

Deuteronomy Kings Song of Songs *Daniel* Zephania Chronicles Hosea Haggai	<u>LAW</u>	<u>HISTORY</u>	<u>POETRY</u>	<u>PROPH</u>	<u>ETS</u>
Nehemiah Amos Malachi Esther Obadiah	Exodus Leviticus Number	Judges Ruth Samuel Kings Chronicles Ezra Nehemiah	Psalms Proverbs Ecclesiastes	Jeremiah Lamentations Ezekiel *Daniel* Hosea Joel Amos	Micah Nahum Habakkuk Zephaniah Haggai Zechariah

Daniel In the Jewish Cannon

TORAH (Law)

NEVI'IM (Prophets)

KETHUVIM (Writings)

Genesis

Exodus

Leviticus

Number

Deuteronomy

Joshua

Judges

Samuel

Kings

Isaiah

Jeremiah

Ezekiel

The Twelve

Psalms

Job

Proverbs

Scrolls

Ruth

Song of Songs

Ecclesiastes

Lamentations

Esther

Daniel

Ezra

Nehemiah

Chronicles

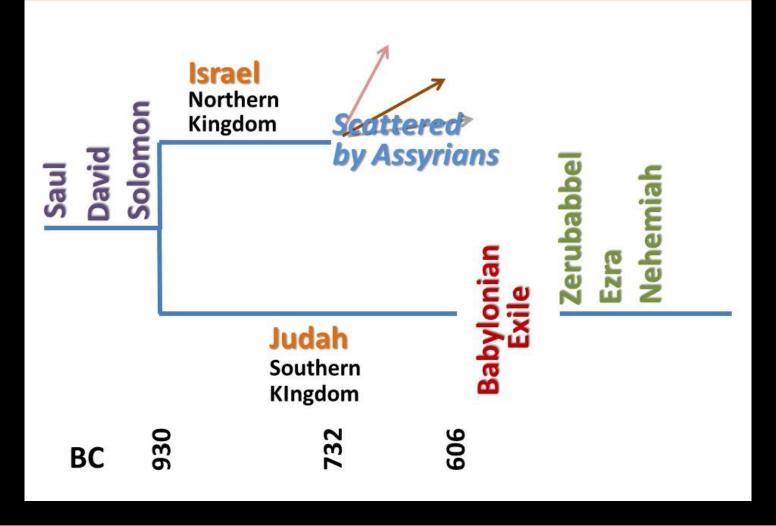
HISTORICAL EPOCH	DATE	Воокѕ	
Primeval	– 2165 BC	Genesis	
Patriarch	2165 – 1800 BC		
Exodus	1800 – 1400 BC	Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy	
Conquest & Judges	1400 – 1040 BC	Joshua, Judges, Ruth	
United Monarchy	1040 – 931 BC	1 & 2 Samuel, 1 Kings 1-11, 1 Chronicles, Books of Poetry [Psalms, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, Song of Songs]	
		1 Kings 12-22, 2 Kings, 2 Chronicles	
		PROPHETS:	
Divided	931 – 605 BC	To Israel (Northern Kingdom)	Amos, Hosea
Monarchy	931 – 603 BC	To Judah	Habbukuk, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Joel,
		(Southern Kingdom)	Micah, Zephaniah, Lamentations
		To Edom	Obadiah
		To Assyria	Jonah, Nahum
Exile	605 – 538 BC	Ezekiel, Daniel	
Return	538 – 400 BC	Ezra, Esther, Nehemiah, Haggai, Zechariah, Malachi	

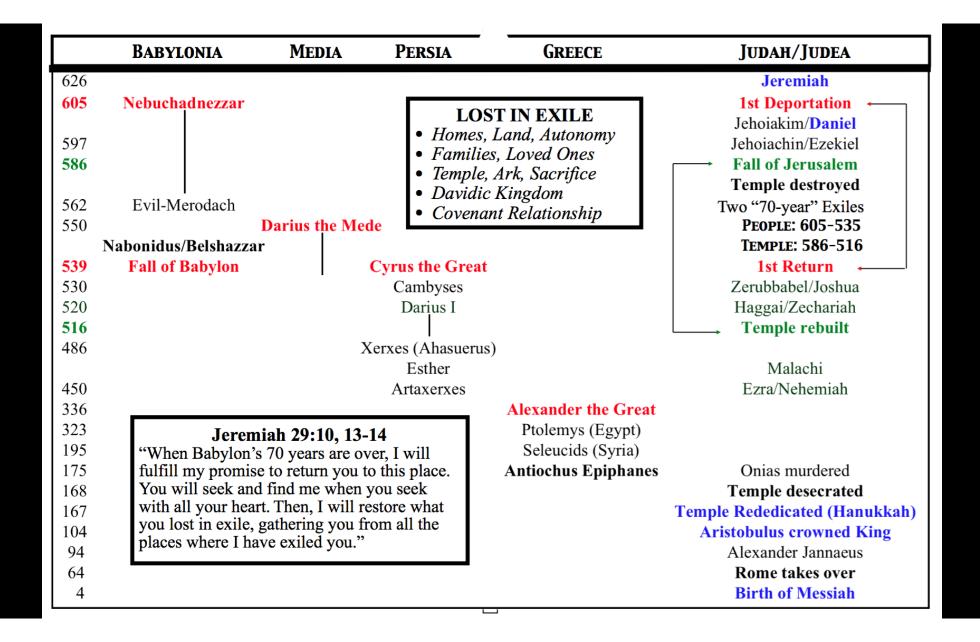
Genesis 29-30	Numbers 1	Revelation 7
Reuben	Reuben	Reuben
Simeon	Simeon	Simeon
Levi	Judah	Levi
Judah	Dan	Judah
Dan	Naphtali	Manasseh
Naphtali	Gad	Naphtali
Gad	Asher	Gad
Asher	Issachar	Asher
Issachar	Zebulun	Issachar
Zebulun	Ephraim	Zebulun
Joseph	Manasseh	Joseph
Benjamin	Benjamin	Benjamin

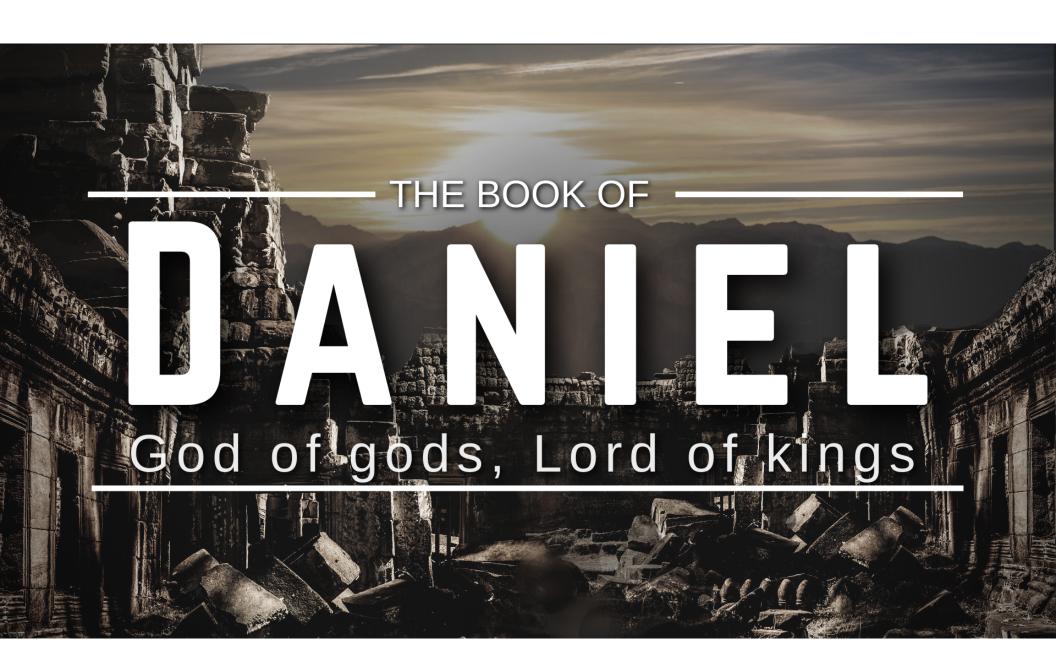
Judah:
Judah
+
Levi

Israel:10 Tribes

Timeline of the Kingdoms of Israel and Judah







SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 2

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

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550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

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(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

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E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

G 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

Key Kingdoms and Leaders

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Babylon (605-539 BC): Nebuchadnezzar (605-562 BC)
Belshazzar (562-539 BC)
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Media (550-539 BC): Darius the Mede

Persia (539-333 BC): Cyrus the Great

Greece (333-104 BC): Alexander the Great

Antiochus IV Epiphanes

Judah (104-64 BC): Aristobulus and Alexander Jannaeus

Rome (64 BC–AD 476): no key persons



Elements:	Greek View:	Roman View:
Gold Head	Babylon (605-539)	Babylon (605-539)
Silver Chest	Media (550-539)	Medo-Persia (539-333)
Bronze Thighs	Persia (539-333)	Greece (333-104)
Iron Legs	Greece (333-323)	Rome (64-476 A.D.)
Iron/Clay Feet	Greece (323-104)	Rome/Future
Rock Mountain	God's Kingdom	God's Kingdom

Babylon (605-539 BC):

Nebuchadnezzar (605-562 BC) and Belshazzar (562-539 BC)



Media (550-539 BC): Darius the Mede

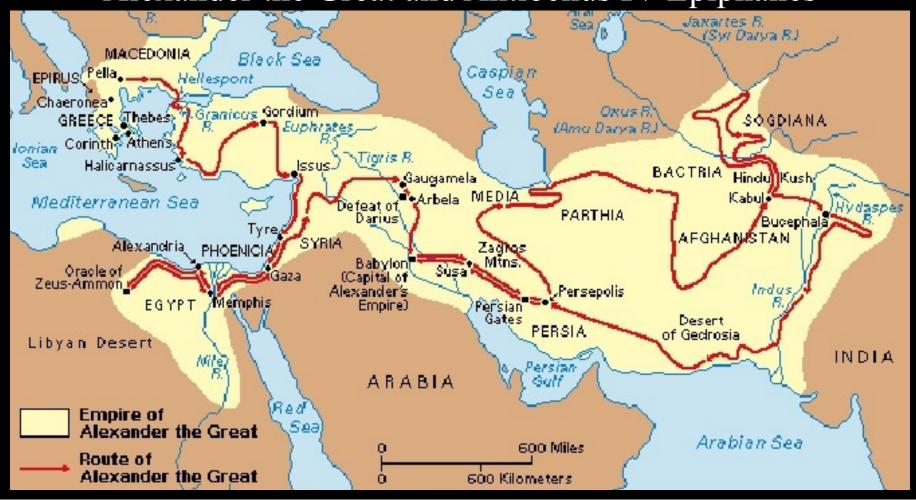


Persia (539-333 BC): Cyrus the Great

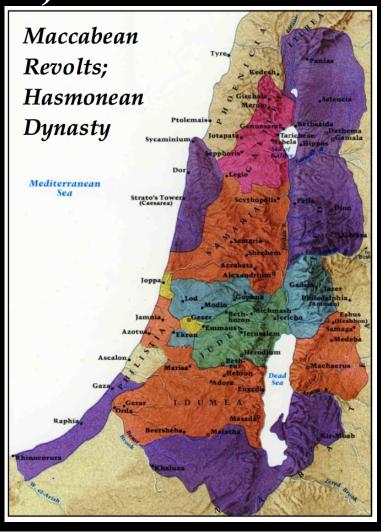


Greece (333-104 BC):

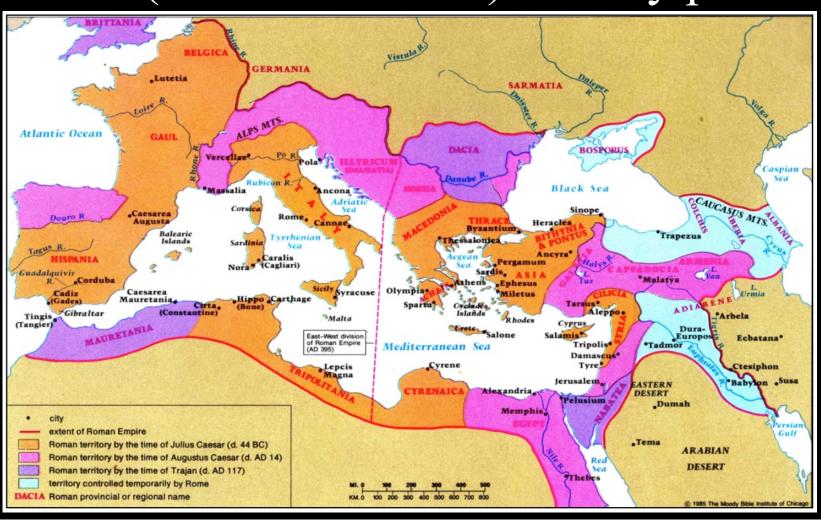
Alexander the Great and Antiochus IV Epiphanes



Judah (104-64 BC): Aristobulus and Alexander Jannaeus



Rome (64 BC–AD 476): no key persons



Greek View Problems:

- Media had fallen to Persia before Babylon's fall
- Daniel 8: 1 ram with 2 horns = Media + Persia
- Establishment of God's kingdom in fourth kingdom

Roman View Problems:

- Medo-Persian empire inferior but bigger
- Mixed clay identity
- God's kingdom explanation

Explaining the Feet of Iron and Clay:

	ugur	
Esch	nato	logy:

Split Kingdom:

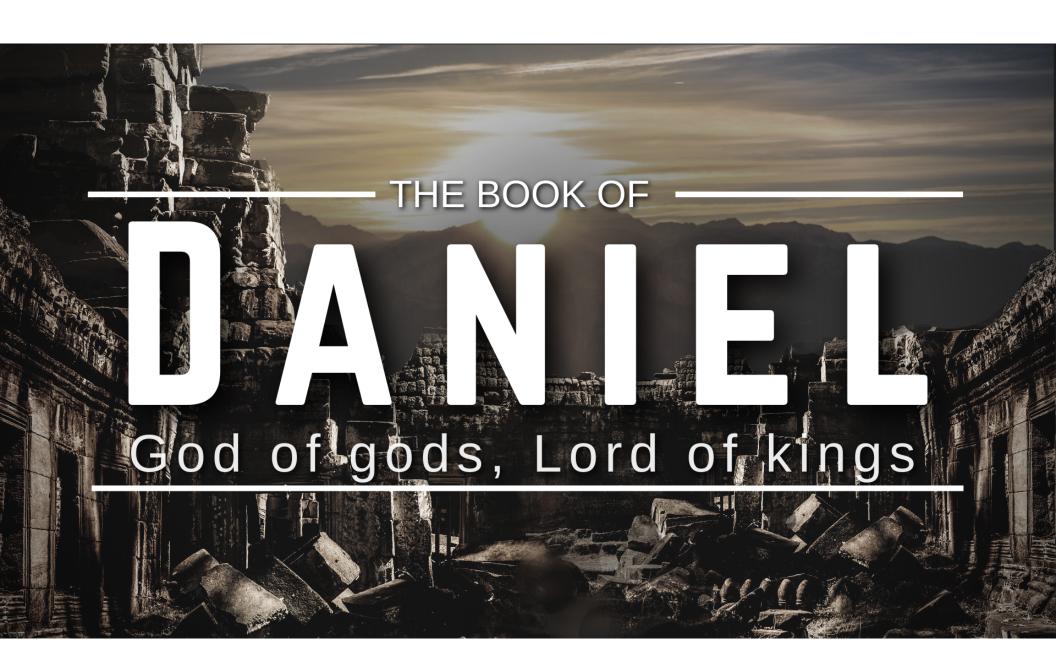
Time Gap:

Typology:

- Feet are a split
 Greek or Roman
 empire
- Two Iron legs are a time split Roman kingdom
- Time gap between Iron legs and feet
- Two legs mean it happens twice

- Rock is 1st coming of Christ
- Feet are future group of nations
- Feet are future group of nations
- Feet are both past and future groups of nations

- Inaugurated kingdom of God
- Rock is 2nd coming of Christ
- Rock is 2nd coming of Christ
- Rock is both 1st and 2nd coming of Christ



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 3

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom (Nebuchadnezzar)

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

Prologue 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

B SECTION TWO: ARAMAIC

C 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Statue

D 3. Faithful Servants: Shadrach, Meshach & Abednego

E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

G 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

What is a Chiasm? A Chiastic structure is a literary structure common in Hebrew writing (poetry and narratives). The structure is not linear, as we are used to in English (A,B,C,D). The structure mirrors or repeats itself (A,B,C,D,C,B,A). Often the beginning and ending verses set the context and the whole passage points to the middle verses for the main point of emphasis or acknowledgment when the pattern is broken.

DANIEL 3: FAITHFUL SERVANTS (FURNACE)

- A. Nebuchadnezzar's First Decree to Worship the Image (1-7)
 - B. The Jews are Accused (8-12)
 - C. The Jews are Threatened (13-15)
 - D. The Jews Commit to Honor the One True God (16-18)
 - C. The Jews are Punished (19-23)
 - B. The Jews are Vindicated (24-27)
- A. Nebuchadnezzar's Second Decree to Worship God (28-30)

Contrast:

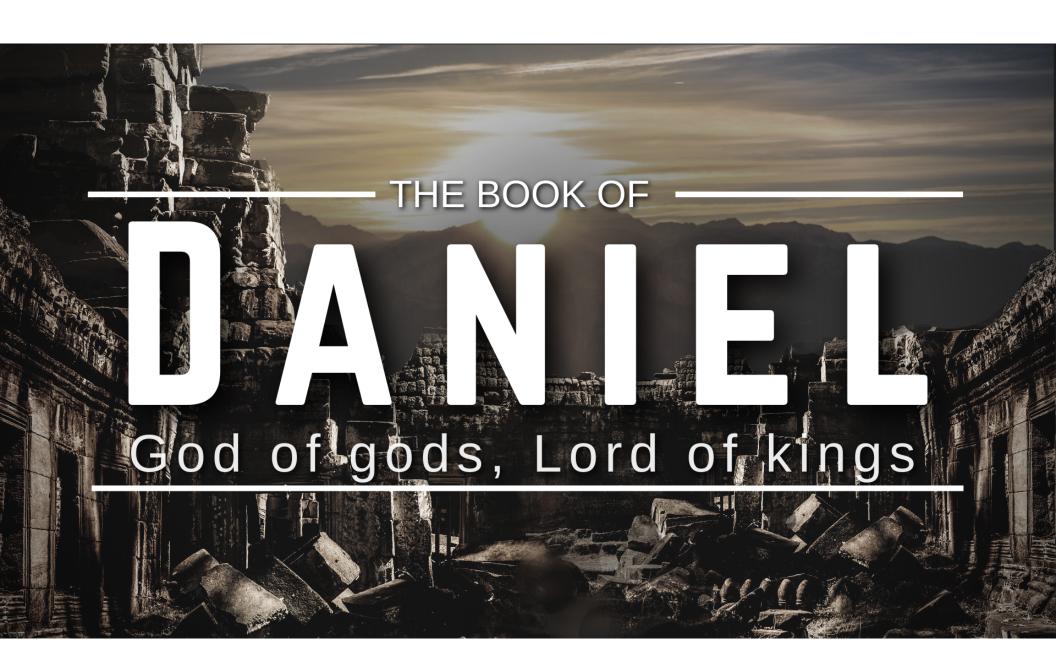
In the first 2 chapters, Daniel is able to find a wise solution to continue to submit to authority while not committing idolatry. In Daniel 3 we see a situation where there is no such solution, where Daniel's 3 friends must stand against idolatry. Daniel 1 (unclean diet), Daniel 2 (death to wisemen), Daniel 3 (golden image).

When to go against authority:

- 1. Only when it is absolutely necessary, there is no other possible way apart from blasphemy/idolatry
- 2. Sacrifice at the expense of yourself, not as an attack on the authority (authority should be drawn to God)

Know the lesson you should learn:

- 1. Are you timid, passive in your faith? Learn to go all in for God in a real way!
- 2. Are you overzealous at times, hostile regarding your faith? Learn the subtleties of self-sacrifice!



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 4

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

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E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

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Examples of Dehumanization in Scripture:

Passage	Character	Type of Dehumanization

Genesis 3 Adam & Eve Submitting to beasts

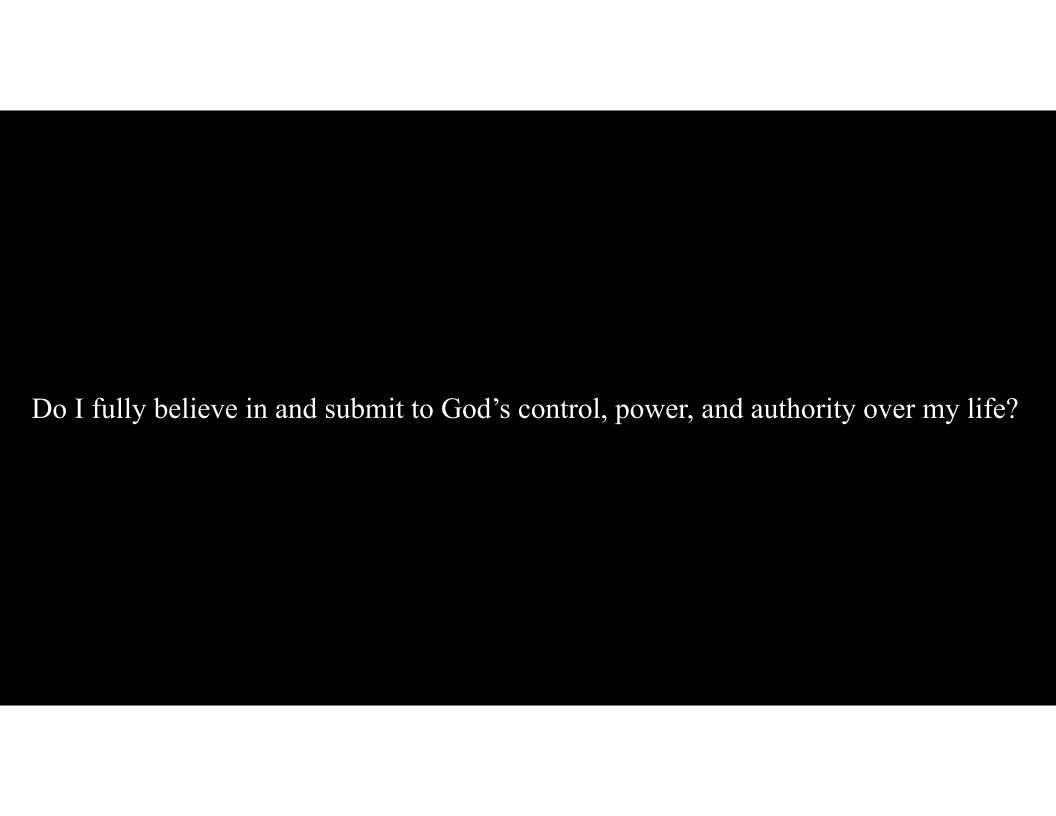
Genesis 4 Cain Murder

Daniel 4 Nebuchadnezzar Acting and looking like beasts

Multiple Pagan nations Animal worship / animal gods

Multiple Sexual Immorality

[list to be expanded]



Nebuchadnezzar's learning in Daniel 1-4

Daniel 1:

Neb captures Judah, indoctrinates it's young men —> Judah's young men prove special

Daniel 2:

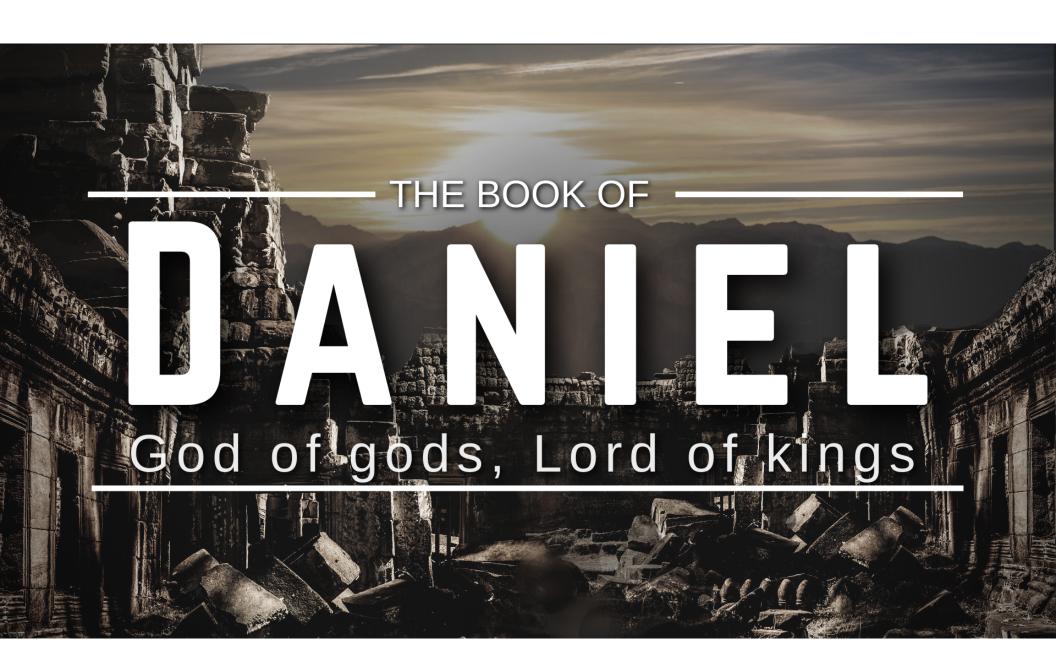
All the wisemen failing Neb —> "God of gods, Lord of kings, revealer of secrets"

Daniel 3:

All need to worship Neb's god —> all should respect "the Most High God"

Daniel 4:

Pride in Neb's power, honor, majesty —> blessing, honor, praise to the eternal God with eternal rule



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 5

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

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E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

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Kings of the Neo-Babylonian Empire

1. Nabopolassar (627-605) Founder of the Neo-Babylonian Dynasty

2. Nebuchadnezzar (605-562) Son of Nabopolassar

3. Evil-Merodach/Amel-Marduk (562-560) Son of Nebuchadnezzar 2 Kings 25:27-30, Jer. 53:31-34 (560-556) Son-in-Law of Nebuchadnezzar Murdered Evil-Merodach Jer. 39:3, 13

4. Neriglissar/Nergal-Sharezer

5. Labashi-Marduk (May-June of 556) Son of Neriglissar

6. Nabonidus/Nitocris
(556-539)
Son of Nebuchadnezzar
Murdered Labashi-Marduk

7. Belshazzar (556-539) Son of Nabonidus Coregent to Nabonidus

What was (probably) written on the wall:

מנאתקלפרס (mn'mn'tqlprs) = ???

What word separations + vowels Daniel read:

מְנֵא מְנֵא תְּקֵל וּפַרְסְין (mn'mn' tql prs) = mene, mene, tekel, peres

Other possible word separations + vowels:

מנא מנ אתקל פרס (mn'mn 'tql prs) = "Who caused Persia to stumble?" or "What shall I weigh, a half mina?"

מנא מנ את קל פרס (mn'mn 't ql prs) = "Whoever you are, Persia is insignificant."

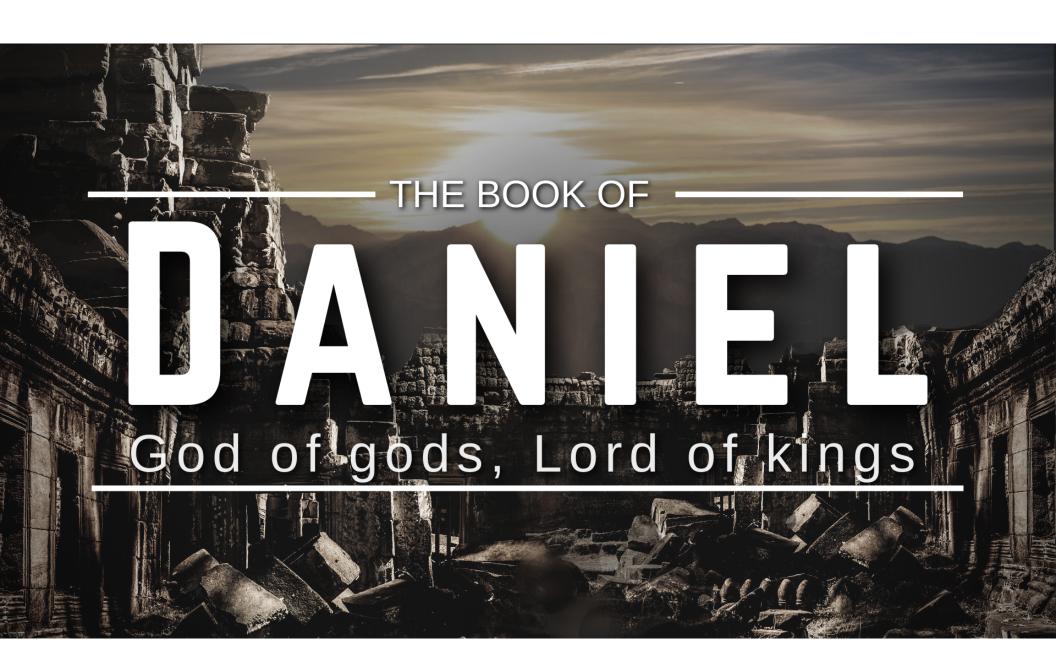
Writing on the Wall

Verses 24-25 Daniel reads the writing as:

- MENE, MENE: a mina (50 shekels) from the verb "to number"/"counted" and "paid out"
- TEKEL: a shekel from the verb "to weigh" and "light"
- UPHARSIN: plural half-shekels from the verb "to divide"/"broken in two" and "Persians"

Verses 26-28 Daniel interprets the writing as:

- MENE: God has numbered your kingdom, and finished it
- TEKEL: You have been weighed in the balances, and found wanting
- PERES [singular UPHARSIN]: Your kingdom has been divided, and given to the Medes and Persians



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 6

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

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E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

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DANIEL 6: FAITHFUL SERVANTS (DANIEL)

- A. Daniel succeeds in the kingdom (1-3)
 - B. Darius signs his first decree and Daniel stands for God (4-9)
 - C. Daniel's accusers plan his death (10-15)
 - D. Darius hopes for Daniel's deliverance by God (16-18)
 - D. Darius witnesses Daniel's deliverance by God (19-23)
 - C. Daniel's accusers encounter their deaths (24)
 - B. Darius signs his second decree and he stands for God (25-27)
- A. Daniel succeeds in the kingdom (28)

DARIUS AND/OR CYRUS IN MEDIA & PERSIA

- All accounts of Babylon's fall (539 BC) name Cyrus II, the Great, of Persia (600-530 BC).
- No extra-biblical records (yet) mention "Darius the Mede" (cf. Dan. 5:31; 6:1-28; 11:1).

DARIUS AS A SUBORDINATE TO CYRUS

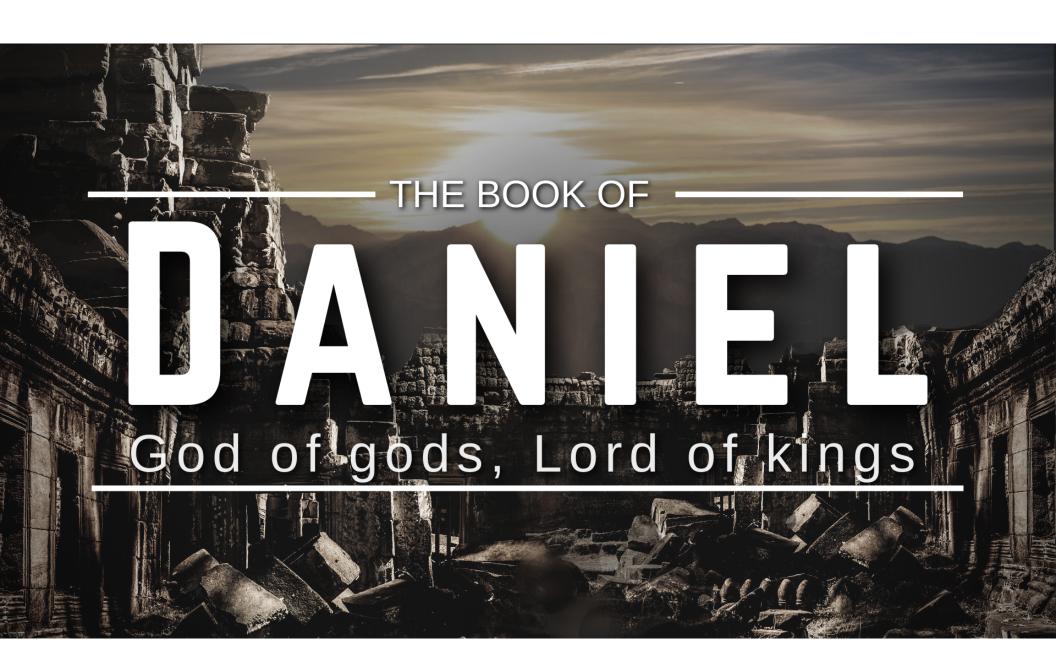
- Gubaru/Ugbaru (Greek Gobryas), Cyrus' general who conquered Babylon (Nabonidus Chronicle).
- The one Cyrus appointed afterward as governor in the city.
- *Or, both.*
- He "received the kingdom" (5:31; NIV, "took over") and "was made ruler" (9:1).
- Cyrus would not have assumed the title "king of Babylon" until a year into his rule.
- Was his "reign" as "king of Babylon" significant enough, and long enough, to represent the superior kingdom of Daniel 2 and/or to fit the events of Daniel 6?

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DARIUS AS AN ALTERNATIVE NAME FOR CYRUS

- Linking of Darius with Cyrus in Daniel 6:28: "Darius, that is, Cyrus the Persian."
- Cyrus' mixed ancestry: Persian father (Cambyses I) and Median mother (Mandane, daughter of Astyages, and granddaughter of the powerful Cyaxares the Great).
- The OG and Theodotion read "Cyrus" instead of the MT's "Darius" in 11:1.
- Theodotion names Cyrus as the king in Bel and the Dragon (Bel. 1).
- Herodotus notes that the name of Persia's founder, given to him at birth by his Median mother, was not Cyrus (*Hist.* 1.108-14).
- Darius/Cyrus was likely in his early sixties when Babylon fell (5:31).
- Darius "received the kingdom" (5:31) and "was made ruler" (9:1) refers to God as the giver (cf. Nebuchadnezzar, 1:2; 5:18).



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 7

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

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573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

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E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

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A. Daniel's Dark Dream and Vision (7:1-14)

- Verse 1: Belshazzar's first year in 553 B.C.
- **Verse 2:** "the four winds of heaven" = "winds from every direction" "the Great Sea" = "the Mediterranean Sea"
- **Verse 3:** "four great beasts" = "four great kings/empires"
- **Verse 4:** 1st beast: a lion with eagles wings, wings plucked off, lifted from the earth, stood like a man, given a man's heart
- Verse 5: 2nd Beast: a bear, raised on one side, 3 ribs in its mouth
- Verse 6: 3rd Beast: a leopard, four wings, four heads, domination
- **Verse 7:** 4th Beast: dreadful, terrible, strong, huge iron teeth, devouring, breaking, trampling, different than other beasts, 10 horns
- **Verse 8:** Little 11th horn plucking out 3 horns, eyes and pompous mouth on small horn





- Like a Lion
- With eagle's wings
- Wings plucked later
- Lifted up from earth
- Man's heart given



Greek and Roman View:

- Babylon: Lion's power, superiority, majesty
- Nebuchadnezzar: "like a man" referencing his thinking he is a cow
- Winged lions were a symbol in the Babylonian empire



- Like a Bear
- Raised up on its side
- Had 3 ribs in its mouth
- Was told to arise and devour much flesh

Greek View:

- Media: lifted on one side walking in progress
- Median Kings:3 rib-shapedteeth beingDeioces,Cyaxares,Astyages



Roman View:

- Medo-Persian split: two arms, lifted on one side, two horns
- Medo-Persian conquest: 3 ribs being Babylon, Lydia, and Egypt



- Like a Leopard
- With 4 fowl's wings
- Had 4 heads
- Given dominion

Greek View:

- Persia: speed and dominion
- Persia: 4
 wings and
 heads are 4
 Persian kings
 after Cyrus the
 Great



Roman View:

- Greece: speed and dominion
- Greece: 4
 wings and
 heads are 4
 kings after
 Alexander the
 Great: Ptolemy,
 Seleucus,
 Lysimachus,
 and Cassandra

Kings of Persia

Cyrus the Great	539-530	Dan. 10:1; 11:1		
Cambyses II	530-522			
Gaumata	522			
Darius I Hystaspes	522-486	Haggai		
Xerxes I	486-464	Esther		
Artaxerxes I	464-423	Ezra/Nehemiah		
Darius II	423-404			
Artaxerxes II	404-359			
Artaxerxes III	359-338	E W		
Arses	338-335			
Darius III	335-331			

Kings of Greece

ALEXANDER THE GREAT (336-323 BC) — Daniel 11:3-4								
Generals:	Ptolemy (Egypt)			Cassandra (Old Greece	Lysimachus – (Asia Minor)	Seleucus (Syria/Judea)		
Ptolemies (South) in Egypt			Seleucids (North) in Syria					
Ptolemy I	323-285	11:5		Seleucus I	312-280	11:5		
				Antiochus I	280-261	_		
Ptolemy II	285-246	11:6		Antiochus II	261-246	11:6		
Ptolemy III	246-221	11:7-9		Seleucus II	246-226	11:7-9		
				Seleucus III	226-223	11:10		
Ptolemy IV	221-203	11:10-12		Antiochus III	223-187	11:10-19		
Ptolemy V	203-181	11:13-19		Seleucus IV	187-175	11:20		
Ptolemy VI	181-146	11:22-27		└[Sons Demetrius & Antiochus]				
Ptolemy VII	169-164	11:25-27		Antiochus IV	175-164	11:21-??		



4

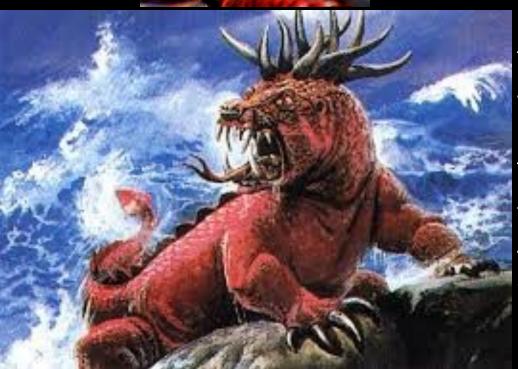
- Exceedingly dreadful, terrible beast
- Iron teeth, brass nails
- Had 10 horns
- A little horn, which plucked 3 horns

Greek View:

- Greece: fits terrible description

- Greece: 10 southern kings
- Greece:
 Antiochus IV
 is the small
 horn





Roman View:

- Rome: fits terrible description (past and future) - Rome: 10

- Rome: 10 kings of the future (or past?) - Rome:

- nome. Antichrist is the small horn

Explaining the Feet of Iron and Clay:

	ugur	
Esch	nato	logy:

Split Kingdom:

Time Gap:

Typology:

- Feet are a split
 Greek or Roman
 empire
- Two Iron legs are a time split Roman kingdom
- Time gap between Iron legs and feet
- Two legs mean it happens twice

- Rock is 1st coming of Christ
- Feet are future group of nations
- Feet are future group of nations
- Feet are both past and future groups of nations

- Inaugurated kingdom of God
- Rock is 2nd coming of Christ
- Rock is 2nd coming of Christ
- Rock is both 1st and 2nd coming of Christ



Daniel 2 & 7 • Four Kingdoms & God's Kingdom Reading the Pairs

DANIEL 2: STATUE

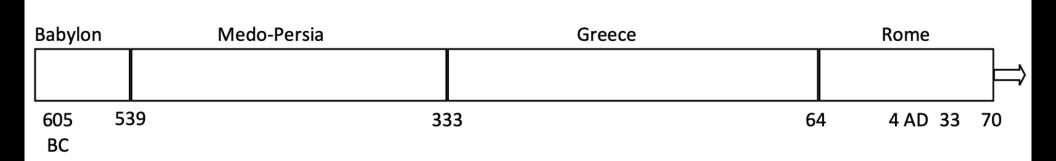
- 1. You, personally, Nebuchadnezzar
- 2. Inferior
- 3. Rules the then-known world
- 4. Strong, divided, persecuting (focus)
- Divine, everlasting, crushes & replaces all human kingdoms

DANIEL 7: BEASTS

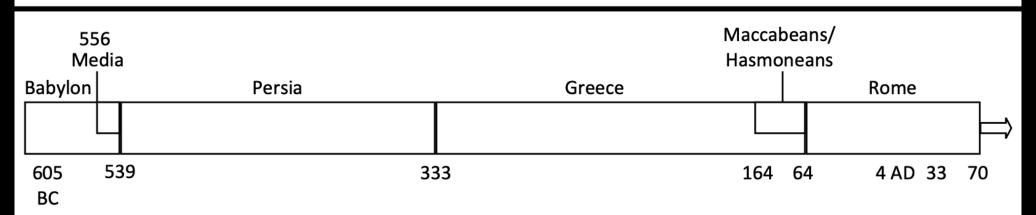
- 1. Lion with a human mind
- 2. Aggressive with three ribs
- 3. Four wings/heads, with authority to rule
- 4. Strong, divided, persecuting God's people (focus)
- Divine, Son of Man, everlasting, & replaces all human kingdoms



The Four Kingdoms of Daniel 2 & 7 (Roman View)



The Four Kingdoms of Daniel 2 & 7 (Greek View)



Comparison of Daniel 2 & 7



2:1-13 • Nebuchadnezzar's First Year; King's Vision



7:1• Belshazzar's First Year; Daniel's Vision



2:14-24 • Daniel's Prayer for Mercy & Wisdom



2:25-35 • Four Kingdoms
—then God's Kingdom



7:2-8, 12 • Four Kingdoms
—then God's Kingdom



7:9-10, 13-14 • Ancient of Days; Son of Man



2:36-49 • Interpretation Leads to God's kingdom; God & Wise Servants Honored



7:15-28 • Interpretation Leads to Persecution, then God's kingdom; God's Servant is Confused.

Darius the Mede/Cyrus the Persian

- 612, 605: Median great-grandfather Cyaxares (Dan. 9:1) aids Babylon against Assyria ($605 = Neb.\ 1^{st}\ yr./Judea's\ 1^{st}\ exile;\ Dan.\ 1$).
- 604: Neb. 2nd yr. (Dan. 2: Four Kingdoms).
- 590-576: Born Median (mat.) & Persian (pat.) prince of Anshan.
- 562: Neb. death; release of Jehoiachin (2 Kgs. 25; Jer. 52).
- 559: King of Anshan (Persian tributary of Media).
- 556: Revolts against Median rulers (Nab. 1st yr.).
- 553: Bel. 1st yr. (Dan. 7: Four Kingdoms).
- 550: Bel. 3rd yr.; Defeats Astyages; controls Media (Dan. 8).
- 539/538: Defeats Babylon (1st regnal yr.); releases Jews (Bel. last yr.; Dan. 1, 5-6, 9, 11).
- 536/535: 3rd year (Dan. 10).
- 537-530/529: Expands Persia (pat. roots) until his death.

Belshazzar's 1st year: 553 BC

- 559: Darius/Cyrus king of Anshan (Median tributary).
- 556: He revolts against Median overlords.
- 550: He defeats Median King Astyages.
- 539: He conquers Babylon with Media & Persia.

Daniel 7-8, 10-12 • Similar Phrases—Evolving Meanings

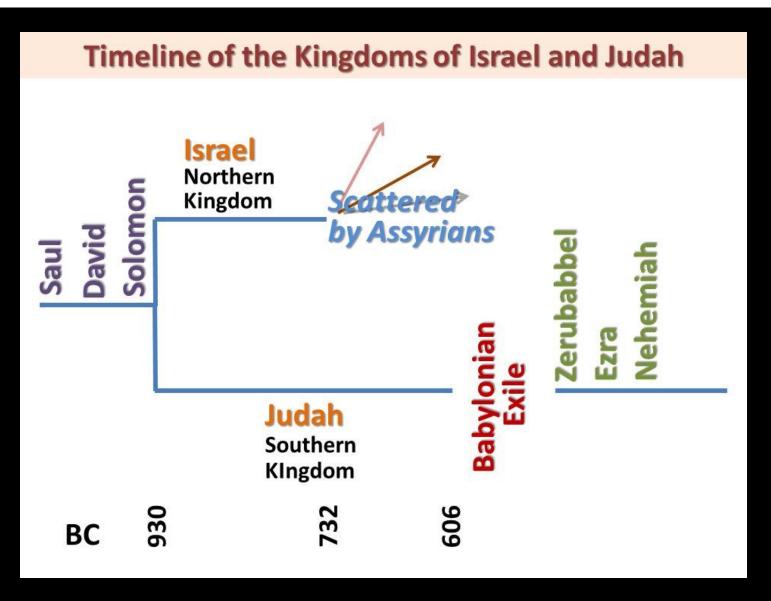
1. Mortal from Heaven: Dan. 7:13

• Aram. bar enash: "human"; Grk. huios anthropos: "Messiah" (Gospels/Acts/Rev. = 85x; e.g., Mark 14:60-62).

2. A human voice called Gabriel: Dan. 8:15-16

- Heb. *geber* "male warrior" (*8:15, 16b* = Gabriel).
- Heb. *adam* "human" (8:16a; Aram. *enash* in 7:13).
- **3. Mere mortal:** *Dan.* 8:17; *Ezek.* 2:1, *etc.* = 93x
 - Heb. *haben, ben adam* = Daniel.
- **4. One appearing like a man:** *Dan.* 10:5, 16-18; 12:6-8
 - Heb. *ish*: "male person" (10:5; 12:6-8).
 - Heb. *ben adam*: "human" (10:16-18).





Out of total captivity from the SOUTH:
Egypt = Egypt

Into Israel captivity from the NORTH:

Assyria = Turkey/Syria

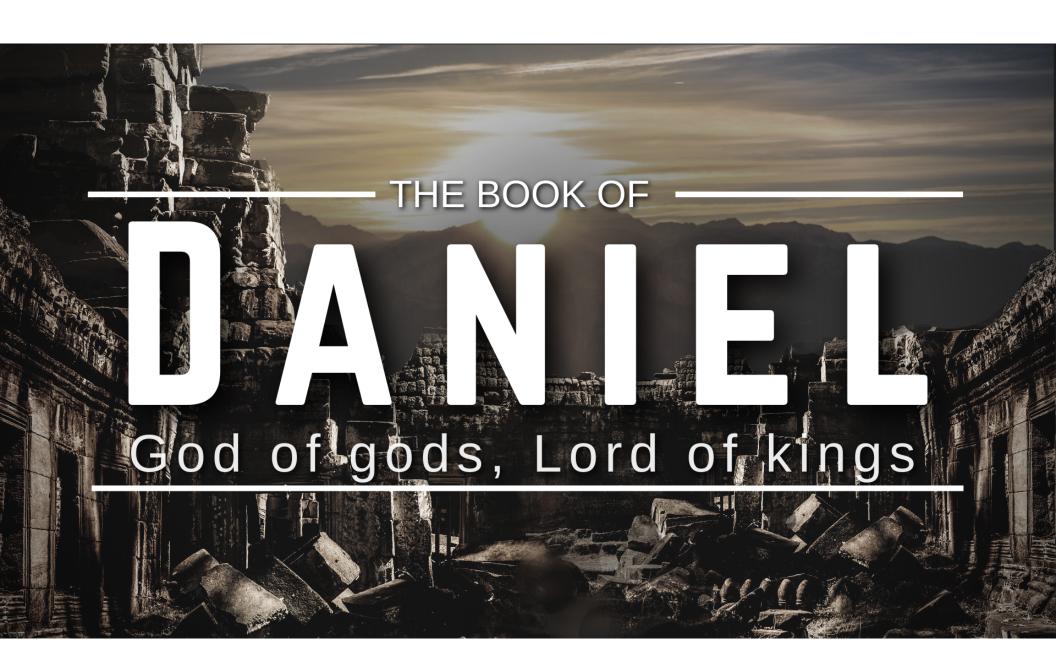
Into Judah captivity

from the EAST:

Babylon = Iraq Medo-Persia = Iran

Back to total captivity from the WEST:

Greece = Greece Rome = Rome



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 8

Daniel Outline #1

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

Daniel Outline #2

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

Prologue 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

B SECTION TWO: ARAMAIC

C 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Statue

D 3. Faithful Servants: Shadrach, Meshach & Abednego

E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

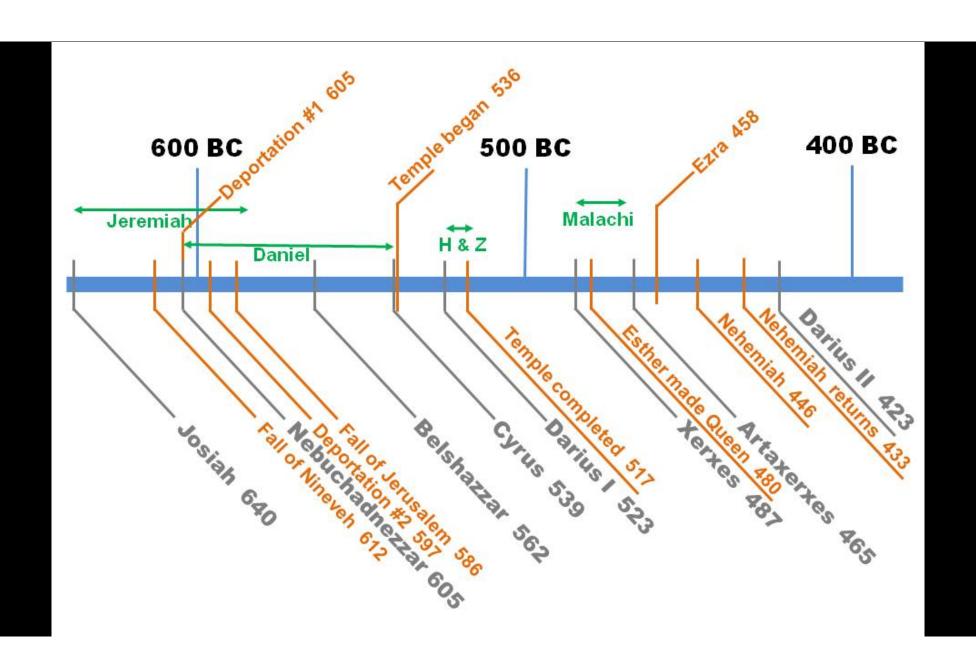
C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

G 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days



Daniel 7 & 8 • Comparison of Linked Visions

DANIEL 7

- Belshazzar's 1st year (553).
- Daniel's vision.
- Beasts: Babylon, plus three.
- Kingdoms unidentified.
- Focus on last kingdom:
 - "Little horn."
 - Opposes God & saints,
 Holy Days & Torah.
 - *Evil prevails for a time.*
 - *Persecutions relate to* "3.5 times" period.
 - Persecutor destroyed.
- Vision kept secret.

DANIEL 8

- Belshazzar's 3rd year (550).
- Daniel's related vision.
- Three kings/kingdoms.
- Kingdoms identified:
 Media, Persia & Greece
- Focus on last kingdom:
 - "Little horn."
 - *Opposes God, saints & Temple in the Land.*
 - Evil prevails for a time.
 - Persecutions relate to "2,300 pm/am" period.
 - Persecutor destroyed.
- Vision sealed for the future.

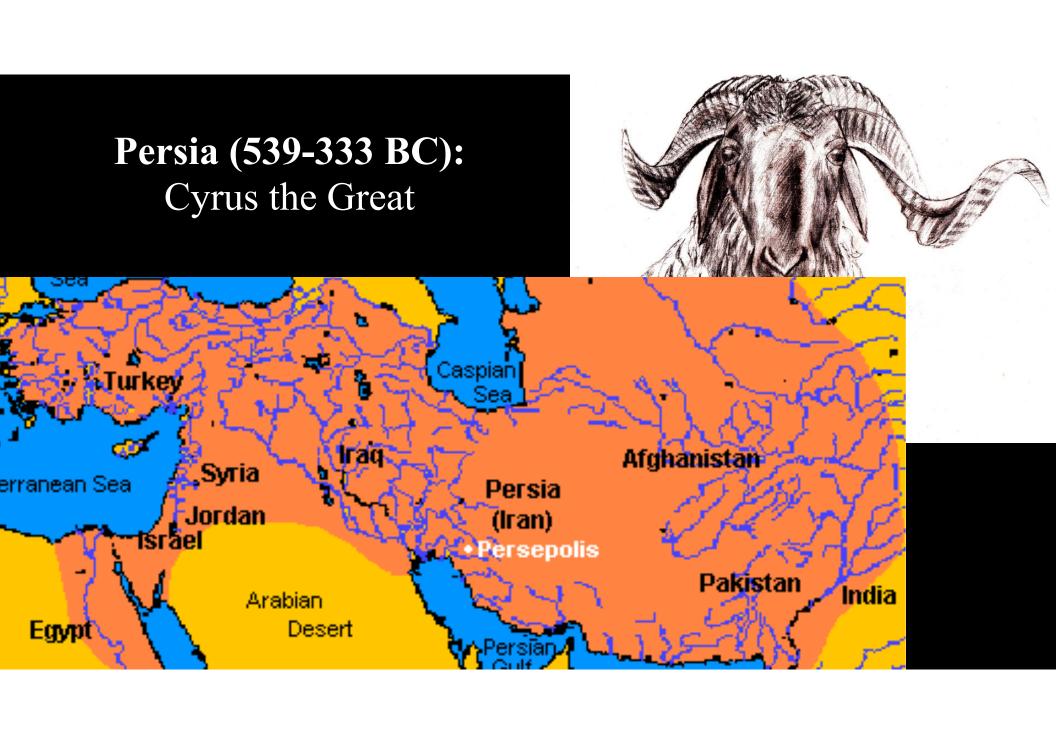
Symbolic vs. Epiphany Visions in Daniel 7-12*

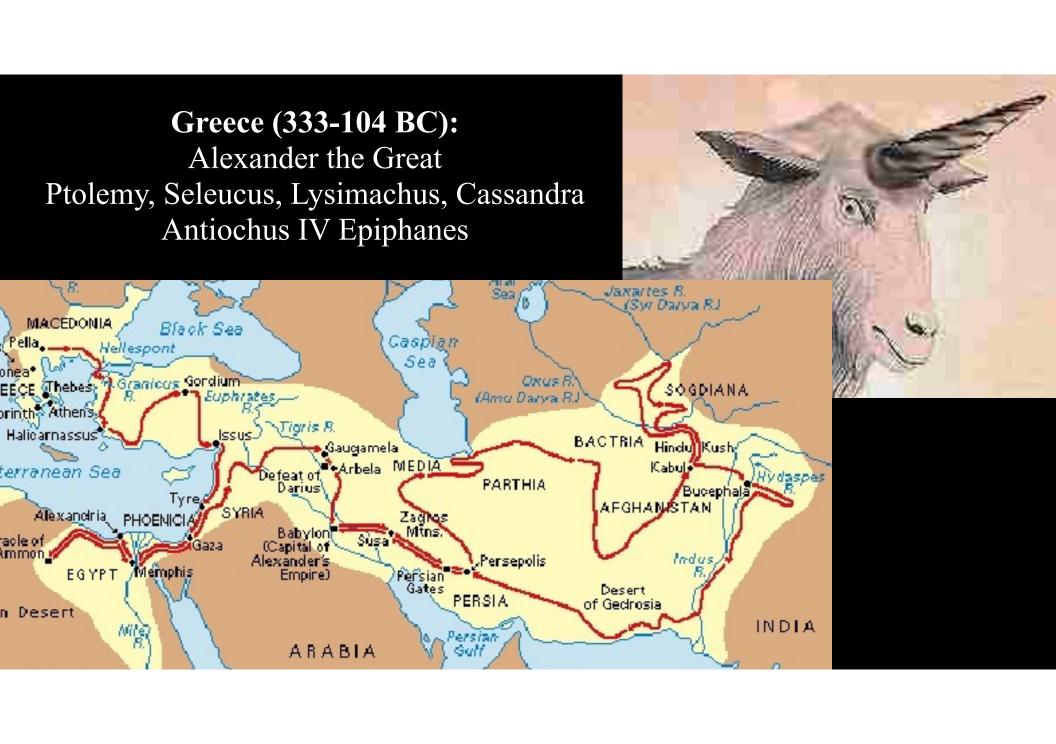
Table 4: Comparison of the Symbolic Visions of Daniel 7 and 8					
1. Introduction (Belshazzar's first & third years)	7:1	8:1			
2. Report & Interpretation of the Vision	7:2-27	8:2-26a			
a. Firsthand Report by Recipient	7:2-14	8:2-14			
b. Request for Angelic Interpretation	7:15-27	8:15-26a			
3. Charge to the Seer		8:26b			
4. Seer's Reaction	7:28	8:27			

Table 5: Comparison of the Epiphany Visions of Daniel 9 and 10-12

1. Introduction (Darius' 1st yr.; Cyrus' 3rd yr.)	9:1-2	10:1
2. Fasting and prayer	9:3-19	10:2-3
3. Messenger's Appearance	9:20-21	10:4-9
4. Word of Assurance	9:22-23	10:10–11:1
5. Revelation	9:24-27	11:2–12:3, 5-8, 10-12
6. Charge to the Seer		12:4, 9, 13







Alexander the Great died in Babylon in 323 BC, in Nebuchadnezzar II's Palace

Kings of Greece

ALEXANDER THE GREAT (336-323 BC) — Daniel 11:3-4						
Generals:	Ptolemy (Egypt)		200	Cassandra (Old Greece	Lysimachus – (Asia Minor)	Seleucus (Syria/Judea)
Ptolemies (South) in Egypt			Seleucids (North) in Syria			
Ptolemy I	323-285	11:5		Seleucus I	312-280	11:5
				Antiochus I	280-261	_
Ptolemy II	285-246	11:6		Antiochus II	261-246	11:6
Ptolemy III	246-221	11:7-9		Seleucus II	246-226	11:7-9
				Seleucus III	226-223	11:10
Ptolemy IV	221-203	11:10-12		Antiochus III	223-187	11:10-19
Ptolemy V	203-181	11:13-19		Seleucus IV	187-175	11:20
Ptolemy VI	181-146	11:22-27		♀		ıtiochus]
Ptolemy VII	169-164	11:25-27	100	Antiochus IV	175-164	11:21-??

1 MACCABEES (late 2nd century BC)

Chapters 1-2:

Alexander of Greece defeats the Persians and Medes (333 BC), then dies young (323 BC) and his officers manage his kingdom in his place. By 312 BC, Greece divides into two kingdoms: the Seleucids and Ptolemies. In 175 BC, Antiochus IV Epiphanes begins Hellenizing the Jews as he seeks to reign over "both kingdoms." He invades Jerusalem in 169 and 167 BC, desecrating the Temple and forcing the pagan cult on the Jews under penalty of death. The priest Mattathias & sons organize resistances in 166 BC.

Chapters 3-9:

Judas Maccabeus takes command of Jewish revolts defeating Seleucid armies three time and liberating Jerusalem (165-164 BC). The Temple is purified and rededicated establishing the Jewish holiday of Hanukkah. Antiochus dies in 164 BC; Judas in 161 BC.

Mattathias





Judas Maccabeus (The Hammer)



Greek View: Roman View:

Babylon (605-539) Babylon (605-539)

Media (550-539) Medo-Persia (539-333)

Persia (539-333) Greece (333-104)

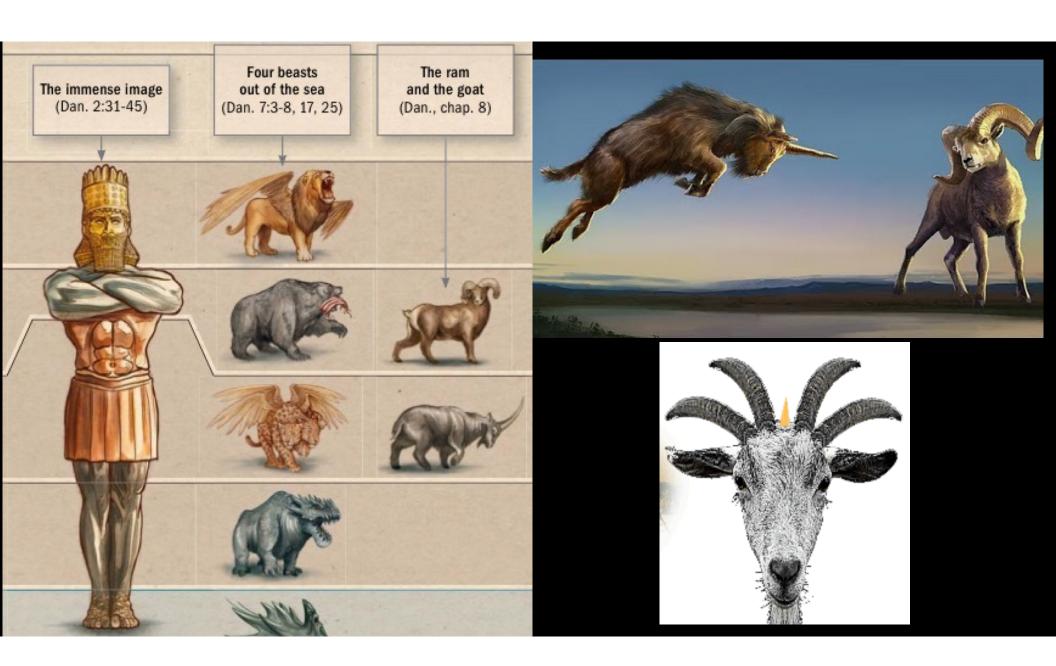
Greece (333-323) Rome (64-476 A.D.)

Greece (323-104) Rome/Future

God's Kingdom God's Kingdom













= Antiochus IV? Antichrist?

= Antiochus IV? Antichrist?

Daniel 7-9, 11-12: A Great Suffering for Three and a Half Years

(365.25 day/year = 1,278.38 or 360 days/year = 1,260)

Daniel 7:25; 12:7

"A Time, [Two] Times, and Half a Time"

Daniel 8:13-14

"2,300 pm/am (1,150 days?)"

Daniel 9:26-27

"Half of One Seven"

Daniel 12:11-12

"1,290 days – 1,335 days"

Transgression

8:12-13, 23; 9:24: *pasha'* = "apostasy"

Abomination

9:27; 11:31; 12:11: *shiqqutz* = "detestable, filthy, idol"

Desolation

8:13; 9:17-18; 26-27; 11:31; 12:11: *shamem* = "destruction, destitution"

"The time of the End"

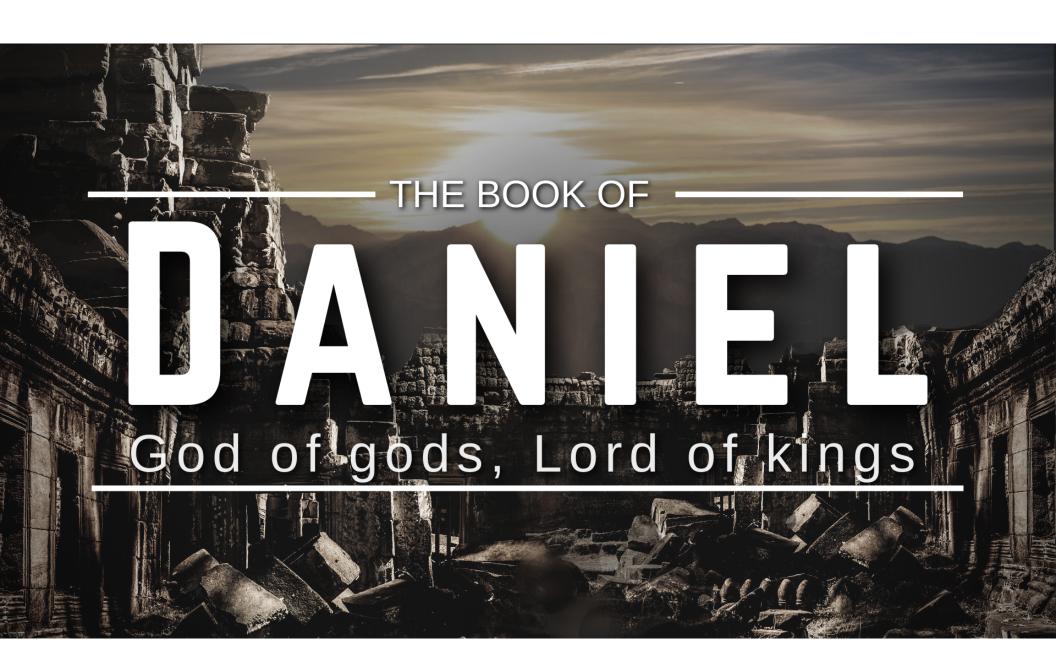
Antiochus IV?

Antichrist?

Typology?







SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 9

Daniel Outline #1

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

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553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

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538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

535 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

Daniel Outline #2

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

Prologue 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

B SECTION TWO: ARAMAIC

C 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Statue

D 3. Faithful Servants: Shadrach, Meshach & Abednego

E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

G 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

JEREMIAH TO CYRUS

605: Word spoken

597: Letter sent

559: King of Anshan

556: Challenges Median Kings

550: Defeats Astyages

539: Conquers Babylon

538: Releases Jews

Darius the Mede/Cyrus the Persian

- 612, 605: Median great-grandfather Cyaxares (Dan. 9) aids Babylon against Assyria ($605 = Neb.\ 1^{st}\ yr./Judea's\ 1^{st}\ exile;$ Dan. 1).
- 604: Neb. 2nd yr. (Dan. 2: Four Kingdoms).
- 590-576: Born Median (mat.) & Persian (pat.) prince of Anshan.
- 562: Neb. death; release of Jehoiachin (2 Kgs. 25; Jer. 52).
- 559: King of Anshan (Persian tributary of Media).
- 556: Revolts against Median rulers (Nab. 1st yr.).
- 553: Bel. 1st yr. (Dan. 7: Four Kingdoms).
- 550: Defeats Astyages; controls Media (Bel. 3rd yr.; Dn. 8).
 - 539/538: Defeats Babylon (Bel. last yr.; Cyrus 1^{st} regnal yr.; Dan. 1, 5-6, 9, 11); releases Jews.
- 536/535: 3rd year (Dan. 10).
- 537-530/529: Expands Persia (pat. roots) until his death.

Prayer

So you poured out ... and the oath יְבִשְּׁבְעָּה ... וְהַשְּׁבְעָה 9:11

To acquire insight 9:13, 9:13

To turn ... to acquire insight ... ילְהַשְּׂכִיל, 9:13

Our desolations שָׁמְמֹתִׁינוּ, 9:18

Vision

The week¹¹ ... is poured out קּבָּוֹי ... הַשְּׁבֹוּע ... הִּשְּׁבֹוּע ... הִּשְּׁבֹוּע ... הִּשְּׁבֹוּע ... הִּשְּׁבֹוּע

To give you insight , 9:22

Have insight ... again¹² יִתְשָׂבֵל ... לְהָשִׁיב', 9:25

Desolator ... desolator בְּשׁבֶּׁם ... שֹׁבֶּשׁ , 9:27



1. DANIEL 9:24-27 Hasmonean Literal: Based on Hebrew Text Ronald W. Pierce (1989)



7 Sevens = 49 years

62 Sevens = 434 years

1 Seven = 7 years

Jeremiah to Cyrus City and sanctuary restored from the returns under the Persians to the Hasmoneans

Alexander Jannaeus corrupts temple & city

605-556 BC

538-104 BC

94-88 BC





Twenty-Five Years Later. Antiochene Figurative: Based on Hebrew Text Ronald W. Pierce (2014)



7 Sevens = Jubilee cycle

62 Sevens = connecting time

1 Seven = Sabbatical cycle

Jeremiah until Cyrus

City and sanctuary restored from the returns under Persia to Antiochus IV

Antiochus IV's persecutions in Judea

605-539 BC

539-175 BC

175-164 BC



3. DANIEL 9:24-27 Messianic Traditional: Based on Greek Translation E. J. Young (1949)



7 Sevens & 62 Sevens = very long time

1 Seven = very short time

Cyrus' decree until the Messiah's crucifixion

539 BC - AD 33

AD??

when Jesus returns





4. DANIEL 9:24-27

Messianic Typological: Based on Hebrew Text Andrew E. Steinmann (2008)



7 Sevens = Jubilee cycle		62 Sevens = connecting time	Seven = patical cycle		
	Cyrus to Jesus' birth	Building and suffering of the Church the return of Jesus	until	Tribulation period	

4 BC - ?? AD 539 - 4 BC ?? AD

Calvary Stockton's View

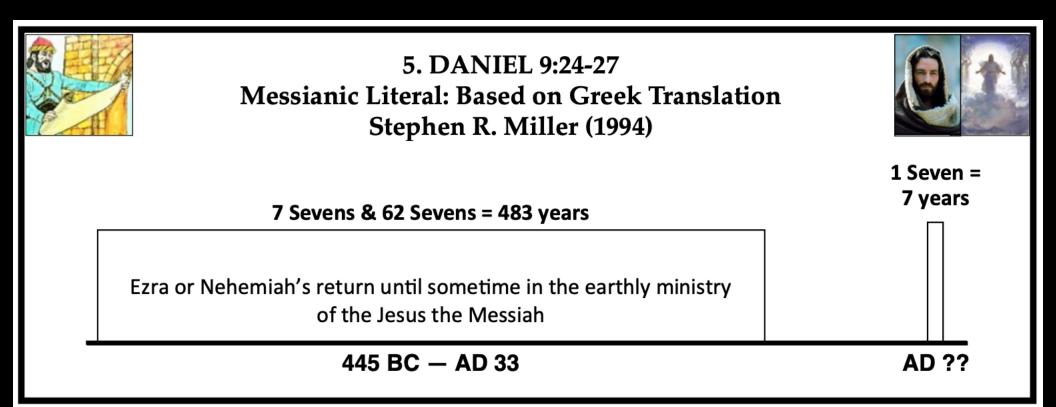
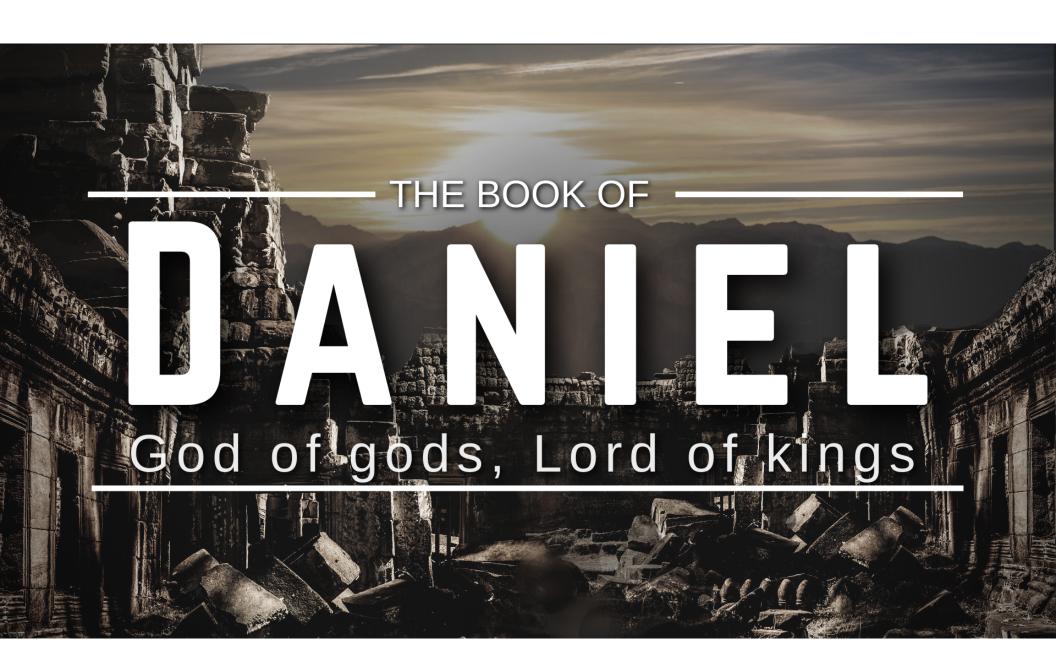


CHART OF THE 69 "WEEKS"

"Know therefore and understand that from the going out of the word to restore and build Jerusalem to the coming of an anointed one, a prince, there shall be seven weeks . . . [and] sixty-two weeks" (Dan. 9:25).

69 weeks	444	B.C.
x7 years	+ A.D. 33	
483 years	477	years
	-1	(1 B.c. to A.D. 1 = 1 year, not 2)
	476	years
	x 365	days
	173,740	days
	+ 25	Nisan 1, 444 B.C. = March 5
		Nisan 10, A.D. 33 = March 30
x 360 days (prophetic years)	+ 115	days for leap years
73,880 days	173.880	davs



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 10

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

536/5 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

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E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

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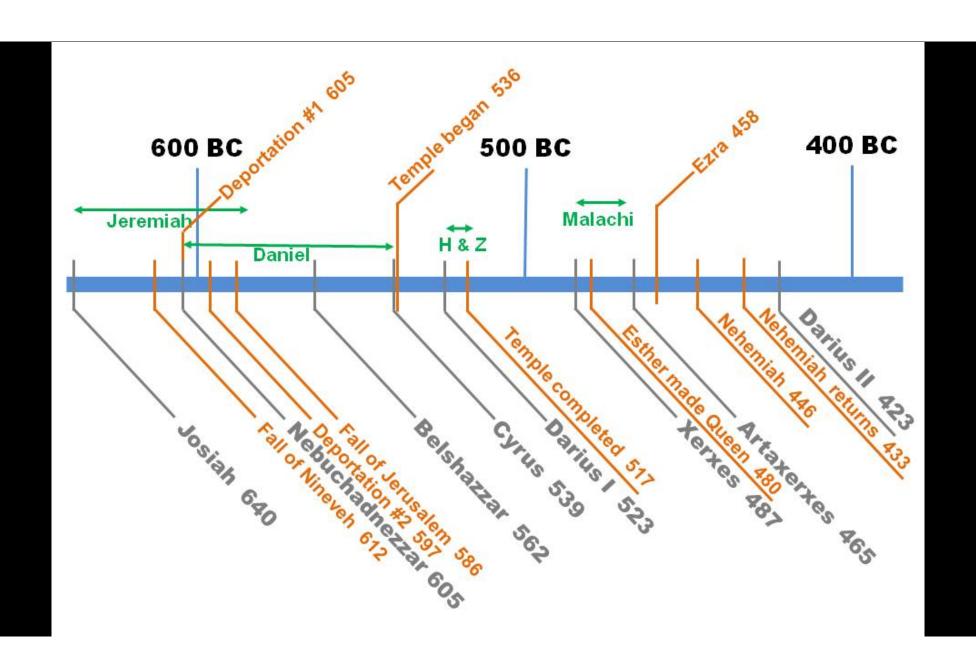
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A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

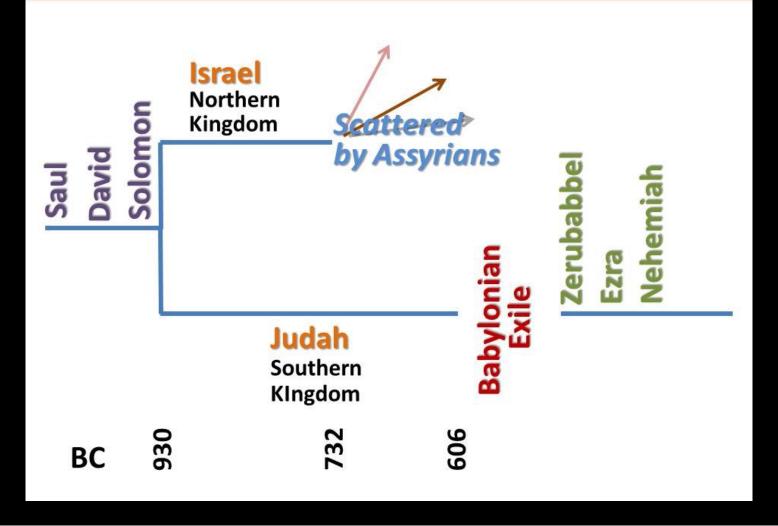
F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

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F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

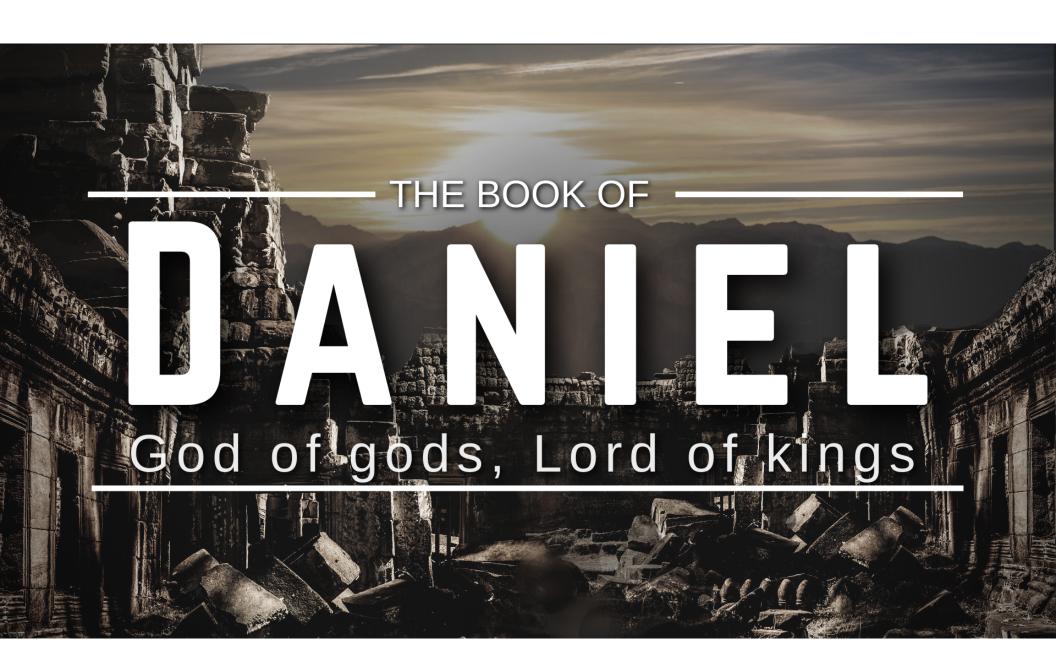


Timeline of the Kingdoms of Israel and Judah



Comparison of the Divine Figures in Daniel 10; Ezekiel 1; and Revelation 1

Daniel 10:5–6: The Divine Man	Ezekiel 1:4–28: God and His Cherubim	Revelation 1:13–16: The Glorified Jesus Christ		
Appearance like a man, a Son of Man (10:5, 16, 18; cf. 7:13)	God's appearance is like a man (1:26–27)	Like a Son of Man (1:13)		
Clothed in linen garments (10:5)	No reference to clothing	Clothed in long robe (1:13)		
A gold belt around his waist (10:5)	Appearance of gleaming metal above God's waist and fire below his waist (1:27)	A gold belt around his chest (1:13)		
Body like jasper (10:6)	Appearance of gleaming metal and fire (1:27)	No reference to his body		
Face like lightning (10:6)	Flashes of lightning from the cherubim (1:13)	Face shining like the sun (1:16)		
Eyes like burning torches (10:6)	God's presence like fire (1:4); torches flash between the cherubim (1:13); from the waist down, God appeared like fire (1:27)	Eyes like flames of fire (1:14)		
Arms and feet like polished bronze (10:6)	God's presence like glowing metal (1:4); the cherubim had feet like polished bronze (10:7); from the waist up, God appeared like glowing metal (1:27)	Feet like polished bronze refined in a furnace (1:15)		
Voice like an army (10:6); compare 12:6–7, where he is "above the waters of the river"	The wings of the cherubim made the sound of many waters, like the voice of the Almighty, like battle tumult and an army camp (1:24)	Voice like many waters (1:15), that is, ocean breakers or a large waterfall		



SALVARY CHAPEL STOCKTON

Daniel Chapter 11

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

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536/5 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

Prologue 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

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D 3. Faithful Servants: Shadrach, Meshach & Abednego

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E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

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F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

X. DANIEL'S FINAL VISION (10:1-12:13)

- 1. Preparation for the Vision (10:1–11:1)
 - (1) Setting (10:1-3)
 - (2) Vision of the Heavenly Being (10:4–9)
 - (3) The Interpreting Angel's Explanation (10:10–14)
 - (4) Daniel Strengthened to Understand the Vision (10:15–11:1)
- 2. The Vision (11:2–12:3)
 - (1) Prophecies concerning Persia (11:2)
 - (2) Prophecies concerning Greece (11:3-4)
 - (3) Prophecies concerning Egypt and Syria (11:5–20)
 - (4) Prophecies concerning Antiochus IV Epiphanes (11:21–35)
 - (5) Prophecies concerning the End Times (11:36–12:3)
- 3. Final Instructions to Daniel (12:4–13)
 - (1) Instructions to Preserve the Message (12:4)
 - (2) Duration of the "Time of Distress" (12:5–7)
 - (3) Daniel's Question and the Reply (12:8–13)

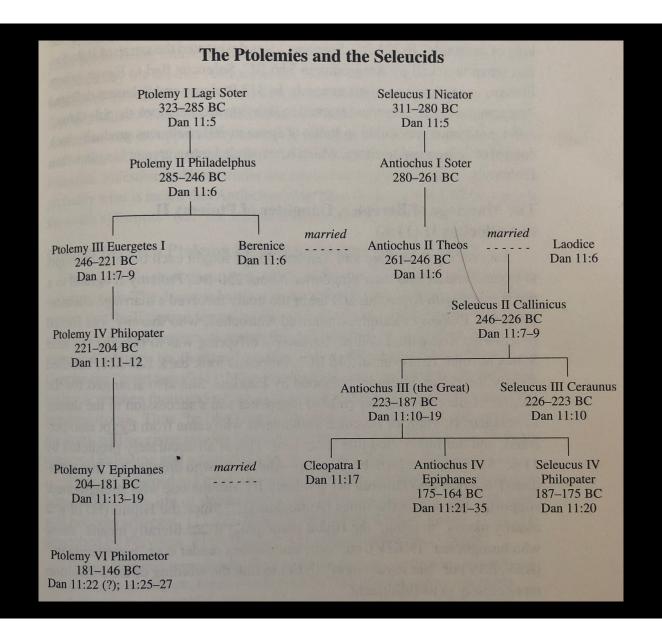
Catchwords and Catch-Concepts in Daniel 11:2–12:4

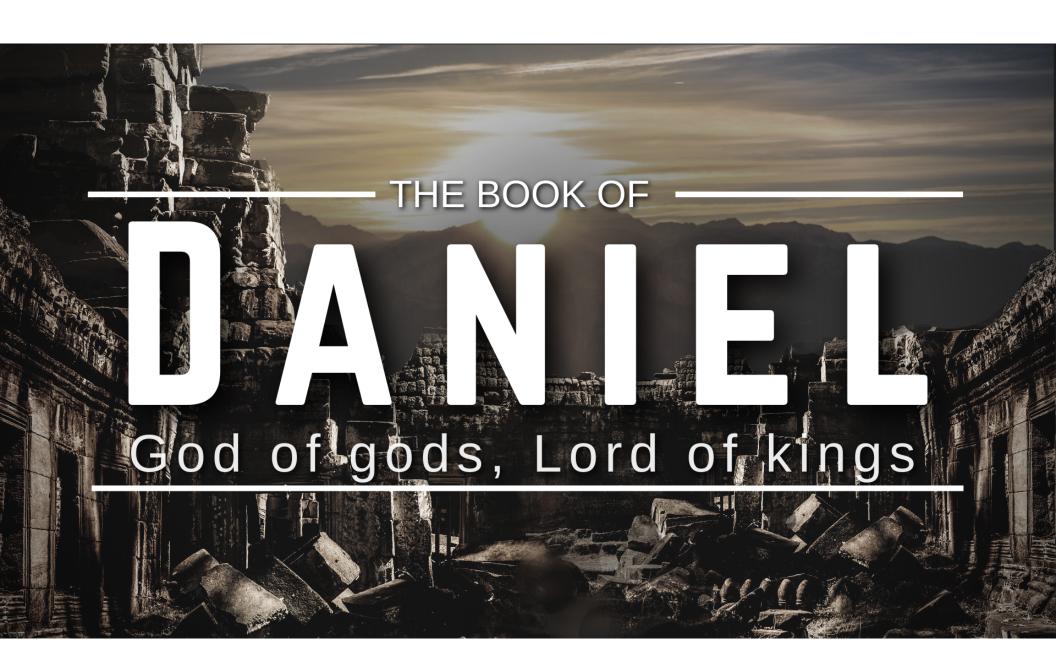
ALECT OFFICE OFFICE ACTIONS				
Characteristic King(s)	Biblical Section	Catchwords and Catch-Concepts		
"Kings for Persia" מְלָכִים לְפָּרַס	Section 1 11:2	"Greece"		
"A warrior king" מֶלֶךְ גָּבּוֹר	Section 2 11:3–4	A Greek king "Four winds of heaven" (directions)		
"The king of the south" מֶּלֶךְ הַנְּנֶּב "The king of the north"	Section 3 11:5–35	Kings of two directions "The time of the end"; "those who have insight"		
"The king"	Section 4 11:36–12:4	"The time of the end"; "those who have insight"		

Alexander the Great died in Babylon in 323 BC, in Nebuchadnezzar II's Palace

Kings of Greece

ALEXANDER THE GREAT (336-323 BC) — Daniel 11:3-4								
Generals:	Ptolemy (Egypt)		200	Cassandra (Old Greece	Lysimachus – (Asia Minor)	Seleucus (Syria/Judea)		
Ptolemies (South) in Egypt				Seleucids (North) in Syria				
Ptolemy I	323-285	11:5		Seleucus I	312-280	11:5		
				Antiochus I	280-261	_		
Ptolemy II	285-246	11:6		Antiochus II	261-246	11:6		
Ptolemy III	246-221	11:7-9		Seleucus II	246-226	11:7-9		
				Seleucus III	226-223	11:10		
Ptolemy IV	221-203	11:10-12		Antiochus III	223-187	11:10-19		
Ptolemy V	203-181	11:13-19		Seleucus IV	187-175	11:20		
Ptolemy VI	181-146	11:22-27		└[Sons Demetrius & Antiochus]				
Ptolemy VII	169-164	11:25-27	100	Antiochus IV	175-164	11:21-??		





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Daniel Chapter 12

SECTION ONE: SIX NARRATIVES

605 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

604 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

594 3. Faithful Servants

573 4. Proud Ruler

539 5. Proud Ruler

538 6. Faithful Servants

SECTION TWO: FOUR VISIONS

553 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom

550 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

538 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

536/5 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Nebuchadnezzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Belshazzar)

(Belshazzar)

(Darius)

(Cyrus)

A SECTION ONE: HEBREW

Prologue 1. Judah's Exile to Babylon

B SECTION TWO: ARAMAIC

C 2. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Statue

D 3. Faithful Servants: Shadrach, Meshach & Abednego

E 4. Proud Ruler: Nebuchadnezzar

E 5. Proud Ruler: Belshazzar

D 6. Faithful Servants: Daniel

C 7. Four Kingdoms then God's Kingdom: Beasts

A SECTION THREE: HEBREW

F 8. Media, Persia, and Greece

G 9. Seventy Sevens Decreed

F 10-12. Persia, Greece, and End of Days

Daniel 7-9, 11-12: A Great Suffering for Three and a Half Years

(365.25 day/year = 1,278.38 or 360 days/year = 1,260)

Daniel 7:25; 12:7

"A Time, [Two] Times, and Half a Time"

Daniel 8:13-14

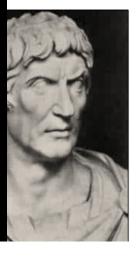
"2,300 pm/am (1,150 days?)"

Daniel 9:26-27

"Half of One Seven"

Daniel 12:11-12

"1,290 days – 1,335 days"



Transgression

8:12-13, 23; 9:24: *pasha'* = "apostasy"

Abomination

9:27; 11:31; 12:11: *shiqqutz* = "detestable, filthy, idol"

Desolation

8:13; 9:17-18; 26-27; 11:31; 12:11: *shamem* =

"destruction, destitution"

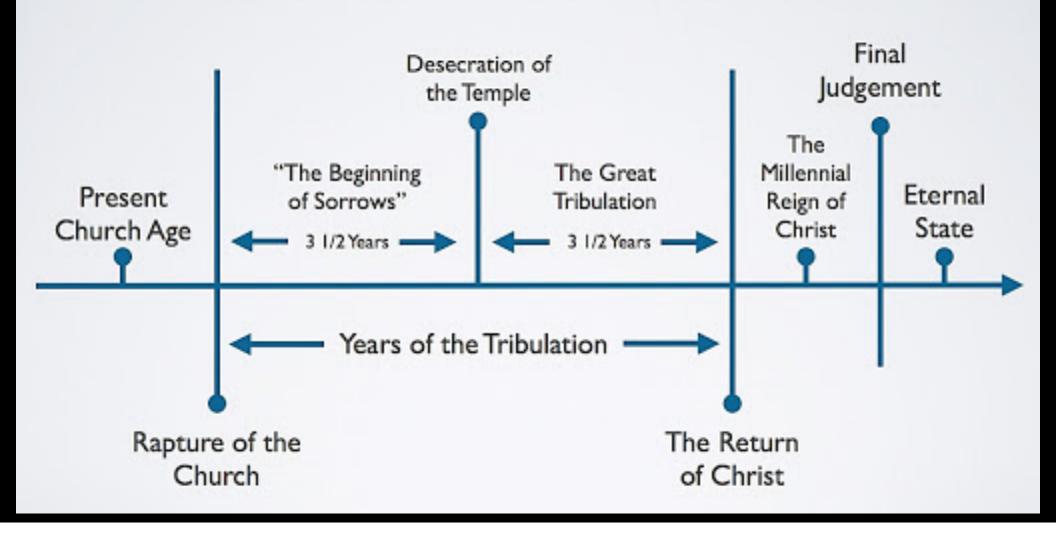


Summary of Redemption and the End Times:

Mysterious to even angels (Acts 1, 1 Peter 1)

- 1. Creation God created the world and humans and saw it was good (Gen. 1-2)
- 2. The Fall The garden had all good choices and 1 bad, now we have all bad choices and 1 good (Gen. 3)
- 3. Israel God chose to redeem the world through a chosen people, a nation light to other nations (Gen. 15, 17)
- 4. Idolatry God's people turned from Him, after denying His many chances, He stopped their corruption (OT)
- 5. Sheol dead before Christ go to a holding place, faithful to Abraham's Bosom, chasm, faithless to Hades (Luke 16)
- 6. The Cross Jesus comes through Israel, they reject Him, but He saves the world (Matt. 15, Luke 23, John 1, 12)
- 7. Resurrection Jesus descends to Abraham's Bosom, preaches Himself, the faithful believe, he takes them to Heaven, Hades stays (Matt. 12, 2Cor. 12, Eph. 4, 1Pet. 3)
- 8. The Church Israel's plan is paused, the church is a light to the world, dead go to Heaven or Hades (Rom. 9-11, 2Cor. 5, Phil. 1)
- 9. The Rapture dead and living believers are risen and taken to Christ (Matt. 24-25, Col 3, 1Thess. 4, 5, 2Pet. 3)
- 10. The Great Tribulation the time of judgement begins with the 7 year tribulation (Dan., Rev.)
- 11. Abomination of Desolation first 3.5 years are peaceful, last 3.5 years Antichrist claims to be god and persecutes (Dan., Rev.)
- 12. The 2nd Coming Jesus comes back and judges the world with the faithful following Him (John 14, Heb. 9, James 5, 1Cor. 4, 15, Jude 14, Dan., Rev.)
- 13. The Millennial Kingdom 1000 years of Jesus reigning on on earth, Christians ruling, Israel thriving (Rev. 20)
- <u>14. The Final Judgement</u> Final rebellion by Satan defeated by Jesus, Satan/demons/Hades are all locked in Hell forever (Rev. 20)
- 15. Eternal Life Eternal reign of Christ in the new heaven on earth (Rev. 20-21)

Timeline of the End Times



Main takeaways from the book:

- 1. God's kingdom is greater than any other kingdom (fear / confidence)
- 2. God knows and has control over the future (faith / peace)
- 3. God will fully establish his perfect kingdom and we will be a part of it (hope / love)

